ABBA EDUCATIONAL CENTER CREATION SEMINAR Jan. 27, 2022

Presented by D. Prentice, M.Ed., M.A.S.T.

Name
Part 1. CREATION AND EVOLUTION.
1. The basic idea behind evolution is that everything began in a disorganized condition, then has self-organize
ever since. (SIMPLE toCOMPLEX)
2. The basic idea behind creation is that everything began in an organized condition, then has self-disorganize
ever since. (COMPLEX toSIMPLE)
3. Creation says that similarities between creatures belonging to different "kinds" are due to common
DESIGN
4. Evolution says that similarities between creatures not considered close relatives are due either to common
ANCESTRY or else to a long series of "parallel mutations" that took place by random chance.
5. How many eyewitness accounts are there of evolution in the prehistoric past?NONE
6. Those who believe in evolution can only claim knowledge based not on personal experience or on an
authority who was there, but onLOGIC only.
7. Correct logic must start with correctPREMISES (also known as axioms, presuppositions or
postulates).
8. The most basic premise of evolution is that everything must be explainable by purely
NATURAL processes.
9. How many things unexplainable by natural processes would it take to falsify this basic premise?
ONE
10. Those who claim to believe in God and evolution do not believe in the God of the BIBLE
11. According to evolution, animals had been killing each other for millions of years before man evolved. The
driving force behind evolution was struggle and death. Therefore, death caused MAN
12. According to the Bible, animals and humans did not begin to die until after Adam sinned. Therefore, man
causedDEATH
13. The Bible calls Jesus the LastADAM If there was no First Adam, Jesus died because of
something that never happened!
something that never happened.
Part 2. WHAT DO THE ROCK STRATA MEAN?
1. The geologic time scale of billions of years is based on the assumption that there has never been a worldwid
FLOOD
2. According to Steno's "Law of Superposition" dating from the 1600's, rocks in the lowest layers are always
the oldest However this "I aw" has been falsified both in the lab and in nature. The only time it applies is

	when there is no flowingCURRENT Any time there is a flood the layers of sediment may
	be in any order.
3. T	There are many places in the world today (such as the Grand Cayman Islands) where clearly defined groups
	of animals and plants live at the sameTIME but different environments. These ecological
	communities are called <i>biomes</i> .
4. Т	There are several dozen distinct suites of fossils found around the world. Creationists believe they represent
	ecological communities that wereBURIED together.
5. E	Evolutionists believe that the suites of fossils used to identify strata representTIME periods.
6. F	Fossils are the preserved remains of dead things. In most cases, they areBURIED in water-
	deposited sediment.
7. I	f there was a worldwide Flood, we would expect to find billions and billions of dead things buried in rock
	layers laid down by water all over the whole world, even on top of the highestMOUNTAINS
8. V	What we actually find are billions and billions ofDEADTHINGS buried in
	rock layers laid down byWATER all over the whole world, even on top of the highest
	MOUNTAINS
9. I	f evolution occurred, different types from amoebas to humans would have had to evolve at different rates in
	different places at different times. There should be no pattern of clearly defined
	COMMUNITIES of fossils around the world. Yet this is precisely how we identify rocks.
Par	rt 7. HOW ABOUT APE-MEN?
1. E	Evolution says that you are nothing but an evolvedAPE
2. <i>A</i>	According to the Bible, the first man did not have biologicalPARENTS He was created
	from the dust of the earth.
3. T	The elements found in the human body (carbon, hydrogen, nitrogen, phosphorus, sulfur and many others) can
	be found in the of the earth.
4. I	Oo men have one less rib than women?NO
5. V	When God did a miraculous cloning operation on on Adam, it did not affect his DNA so it did not
	affect his children.
6. I	fEVOLUTION is correct, there should be a great many transitions between apes and humans.
7. I	f humans were created as humans and apes were created as apes, we should find a complete
	ABSENCE of transitional forms in the fossil record. (No ape-men!)
8. I	f we ask, "If humans evolved from apes, why are there still apes?," evolutionists will say that we are not
	supposed to have evolved from any of theLIVING apes.
9. I	n that case, it is a fair question to ask, "Where are the ancestors of the modern apes?"

10. Humans are classified as belonging to an order called Primates. Primates are found in rock layers from the
Eocene up to the Holocene (RECENT).
11. Out of tens ofBILLIONSof primates that have lived on the earth, we have fossils of at most
a few hundred individuals.
12. Evolutionists believe fossils form as animals die and fall into a body of water, then are covered by
SEDIMENT (dirt) which hardens over millions of years, and eventually become exposed through
erosion. Their explanation for why there are so few primate fossils is that they just were not in the right
place at the right time.
13. Creationists believe most fossils were produced in Noah's Flood. Primates are among the most mobile and
resourceful animals, so they would have been able to avoid beingBURIED and fossilized for
the longest time.
14. Fossils do not need to take millions of years to form. Under the right conditions they can form in a very
_SHORTtime.
15. Humans are classified as anthropoids. That means we are supposed to be closely related toAPES
16. How many fossils are accepted as transitions from some lower type of animal to the first primates (lemurs,
lorises, etc.)?NONE
17. The primates found lowest in the fossil record (the Eocene) are lemurs, lorises, aye-ayes, and tarsiers. There
are no monkeys orAPES in that layer.
18. Creationists believe the monkeys and apes are not found with the Eocene primates because they lived in a
differentENVIRONMENT
19. There are fewer than ten completeSKELETONS of primates supposed to be
ancestors of humans.
20. There are only a few thousand fossils (teeth, pieces of bone, etc.) supposed to show the evolution of humans
from apes over millions of years. They would all fit in a singleCOFFIN or on a single pool table.
21. In order for anything to evolve into anything else, its DNA must have had millions of beneficial
mutations. However, almost all mutations are harmful rather than helpful.
22. Primates are divided into Prosimians and Anthropoids. The first group includesLEMURS like
those in the movie Madagascar.
23. Anthropoids include New World (South American) monkeys, Old World (Asian and African) monkeys,
apes, andHUMANS
24. An obvious difference between apes and monkeys is that monkeys haveTAILS but apes do not.
25. Living apes are divided into Asian (gibbon and orangutan) and African (gorillas and

26. One of the few almost complete skeletons is from a fossil known as Darwinius massilae. It was supposed	to
be the oldest known ancestor of humans. However, scientists later realized that it was nothing but a	
LEMUR	
27. A few monkeys such as Aegyptopithecus and Proteopithecus appear in the Oligocene layer. There are	
NO proposed transitions leading to them from the Eocene primates.	
28. There are several dozen types of monkeys and apes named in the Miocene. However, there areNO	
proposed transitions leading to them from the Oligocene monkeys.	
29. With only a few exceptions, the Miocene ape and monkey fossils are known almost entirely from	
TEETH and fragments of jaws.	
30. A "species" is a manmade classification. A species is not the same as aKIND in the book of	
Genesis.	
31. There have been many times where evolutionists assigned more than one genus name to fossils that were	
later determined to belong to the same genus or even the sameSPECIES We could only be	
sure if we could doBREEDING experiments, which cannot be done on fossils.	
32. So far, the ancestors of lemurs, lorises, New World monkeys, Old World monkeys, and apes are	
UNKNOWN	
33. How many transitional forms have been proposed between Miocene and Pliocene primates?NONE_	
34. Each of the supposed ape-human ancestors known as Dryopithecus, Proconsul, Ramapithecus,	
Oreopithecus, Limnopithecus, Kenyapithecus, and Rudapithecus has been found to be nothing but an	
APE	
35. Some people claim that human DNA is only two percent different from chimpanzee DNA. This is probab	ly
much too low. Even if it were correct, it would mean there are at least60 MILLION	
genetic differences in human and chimp DNA.	
36. If something like chimps were evolving into humans, they might average eighty mutations per generation	of
10 years or so. At this rate, it would take about 750,000 generations for apes to evolve into humans. If the	e
process missed even a single one of those 750,000 generations, evolution wouldSTOP	
37. Humans have far moreBRAIN capacity than evolution would be expected to furnish.	
38. The famous "Lucy" fossil, Australopithecus, was very similar to bonobos a variety of living	
CHIMPANZEE	
39. The only reason "Homo habilis" was placed in the human genus was because it was found with	
TOOLS However, undisputed true humans were later found at the same location.	
Humans, not apes, made the tools.	
40. Homo erectus had a face with non-European features, so the European book authors said it was a lesser	
form of life. Most scientists now accept it as a trueHUMAN	
41. Neanderthal Man is now accepted as fullyHUMAN	

42	Cro-Magnon man was physicallySUPERIOR to modern humans in every way. We haven't
	evolved. If anything, we have devolved.
43	If humans were created as humans and apes were created as apes, we should find a complete
	ABSENCE of transitional forms in the fossil record. That is exactly what we find.
44	The most reasonable explanation for the origin of humans is that we wereCREATED directly
	by God.